§218.123

this section, by more than 10 percent; and

- (3) Over the course of the effective period of this subpart, total take, by harassment, of any species may not exceed the 5-year amounts indicated in paragraphs (c)(4) and (5) of this section by more than 10 percent. A running calculation/estimation of takes of each species over the course of the years covered by the rule must be maintained.
 - (4) Level B Harassment:
 - (i) Mysticetes:
- (A) Humpback whale (Megaptera novaeangliae)—6,975 (an average of 1,395 annually);
- (B) Fin whale (Balaenoptera physalus)—55185 (an average of 11,037 annually);
- (C) Blue whale (Balaenoptera musculus)—10 (an average of 2 annually):
- (D) Sei whale (*Balaenoptera borealis*)—40 (an average of 8 annually);
- (E) Minke whale (*Balaenoptera acutorostrata*)—3,405 (an average of 681 annually);
- (F) Gray whale (Eschrichtius robustus)—1,940 (an average of 388 annually); and
- (G) North Pacific right whale (Eubalaena japonica)—10 (an average of 2 annually).
 - (ii) Odontocetes:
- (A) Sperm whales (*Physeter macrocephalus*)—1,645 (an average of 329 annually);
- (B) Killer whale (*Orcinus orca*)—53,245 (an average of 10,649 annually);
- (C) Harbor porpoise (*Phocoena phocoena*)—27,200 (an average of 5,440 annually);
- (D) Baird's beaked whales (*Berardius bairdii*)—2,435 (an average of 487 annually);
- (E) Cuvier's beaked whales (*Ziphius cavirostris*)—11,560 (an average of 2,312 annually):
- (F) Stejneger's beaked whales (Mesoplodon stejnegeri)—11,565 (an average of 2,313 annually);
- (G) Pacific white-sided dolphin (*Lagenorhynchus obliquidens*)—84,955 (an average of 16,991 annually); and
- (H) Dall's porpoise (*Phocoenoides dalli*)—1,031,870 (an average of 206,374 annually).
 - (iii) Pinnipeds:

- (A) Steller sea lion (Eumetopias jubatus)—55,540 (an average of 11,108 annually)
- (B) California sea lion (Zalophus californianus)—10 (an average of 2 annually);
- (C) Harbor seal (*Phoca vitulina richardsi*)—10 (an average of 2 annually):
- (D) Northern elephant seal (*Mirounga angustirostris*)—10,345 (an average of 2,069 annually); and
- (E) Northern fur seal (Callorhinus ursinus)—771,010 (an average of 154,202 annually).
- (5) Level A Harassment and/or mortality of no more than 15 beaked whales (total), of any of the species listed in §218.122(c)(1)(ii)(D) through (F) over the course of the 5-year regulations.

§218.123 Prohibitions.

No person in connection with the activities described in §218.120 may:

- (a) Take any marine mammal not specified in §218.122(c);
- (b) Take any marine mammal specified in §218.122(c) other than by incidental take as specified in §§218.122(c)(1), (c)(2), and (c)(3);
- (c) Take a marine mammal specified in §218.122(c) if such taking results in more than a negligible impact on the species or stocks of such marine mammal; or
- (d) Violate, or fail to comply with, the terms, conditions, and requirements of these regulations or a Letter of Authorization issued under §§ 216.106 and 218.127 of this chapter.

§218.124 Mitigation.

- (a) When conducting training and utilizing the sound sources or explosives identified in §218.120(c), the mitigation measures contained in a Letter of Authorization issued under §§216.106 and 218.127 of this chapter must be implemented. These mitigation measures include, but are not limited to:
- (1) Personnel Training (for all Training Types):
- (i) All commanding officers (COs), executive officers (XOs), Lookouts, Officers of the Deck (OODs), junior OODs (JOODs), maritime patrol aircraft aircrews, and Anti-Submarine Warfare (ASW) helicopter crews shall complete